Name:	Date:
Animal Cells - Multiple Choice Worksheet	
1. What is the primary function of the nucleus in an animal cell?	
A. Produces energy B. Contains genetic material (DNA)	
C. Synthesizes proteins	
D. Breaks down waste	
2. Which organelle is known as the "powerhouse" of the	e cell?
A. Ribosome	
B. Lysosome C. Mitochondria	
D. Golgi apparatus	
3. What is the role of the ribosomes in an animal cell?	
A. Transporting materials	
B. Synthesizing proteinsC. Storing energy	
D. Breaking down waste	
4. Which organelle is responsible for modifying, sorting	g, and packaging proteins?
A. Nucleus	
B. MitochondriaC. Golgi apparatus	
D. Lysosome	
5. The cell membrane controls:	
A. The production of proteins	
B. The flow of materials into and out of the cell	
C. Energy production in the cell	
D. The creation of waste materials	



6. What is the cytoplasm?

- A. The structure that stores the cell's genetic material
- B. The fluid that fills the cell and holds the organelles
- C. The outermost layer of the cell
- D. The organelle responsible for producing energy

7. Which of the following is a key function of lysosomes?

- A. Energy production
- B. Protein synthesis
- C. Digesting and removing waste materials
- D. DNA storage

8. The rough endoplasmic reticulum (ER) is involved in:

- A. Protein synthesis
- B. Lipid production
- C. Breaking down food
- D. Transporting waste

9. What is the difference between the smooth and rough endoplasmic reticulum?

- A. The rough ER has ribosomes attached, and the smooth ER does not
- B. The smooth ER is involved in protein synthesis, and the rough ER is not
- C. The rough ER breaks down lipids, and the smooth ER produces energy
- D. The smooth ER creates DNA, and the rough ER modifies proteins

10. Which of the following organelles are only found in animal cells, not in plant cells?

- A. Mitochondria
- B. Nucleus
- C. Lysosomes
- D. Ribosomes

