Endocrine System - Multiple Choice Worksheet

Name:	
Date: _	

Instructions: Choose the correct answer from the options provided.

- 1. What is the primary function of the endocrine system?
 - a) To break down food for energy
 - b) To send chemical messages throughout the body
 - c) To pump blood through the body
 - d) To defend against infections
- 2. Which of the following are chemical messengers produced by the endocrine glands?
 - a) Enzymes
 - b) Hormones
 - c) Neurotransmitters
 - d) Antibodies
- 3. Which gland is known as the "master gland" of the endocrine system?
 - a) Thyroid
 - b) Pancreas
 - c) Pituitary
 - d) Adrenal
- 4. What hormone is primarily responsible for regulating metabolism?
 - a) Insulin
 - b) Thyroxine
 - c) Adrenaline
 - d) Estrogen
- 5. Which of the following glands produces insulin?
 - a) Adrenal glands
 - b) Pituitary gland
 - c) Thyroid gland
 - d) Pancreas
- 6. Which gland produces adrenaline (epinephrine), the hormone responsible for the fight or flight response?
 - a) Adrenal gland
 - b) Pineal gland
 - c) Pituitary gland
 - d) Thymus gland

- 7. What is the primary function of insulin in the body?
 - a) To raise blood sugar levels
 - b) To regulate metabolism
 - c) To lower blood sugar levels
 - d) To regulate heart rate
- 8. The hormone responsible for stimulating growth and development is:
 - a) Cortisol
 - b) Growth hormone
 - c) Melatonin
 - d) Glucagon
- 9. Which gland regulates the sleep-wake cycle by producing melatonin?
 - a) Thyroid
 - b) Pancreas
 - c) Pineal gland
 - d) Adrenal gland

10. The thyroid gland is located:

- a) In the brain
- b) In the neck
- c) Behind the stomach
- d) Above the kidneys
- 11. Which hormone is responsible for stimulating the release of glucose from the liver?
 - a) Insulin
 - b) Glucagon
 - c) Cortisol
 - d) Estrogen
- 12. The parathyroid glands regulate the levels of which mineral in the blood?
 - a) Sodium
 - b) Calcium
 - c) Potassium
 - d) Magnesium

13. Which hormone is primarily responsible for regulating water balance in the body?

- a) Antidiuretic hormone (ADH)
- b) Thyroxine
- c) Insulin
- d) Cortisol



- 14. Which gland plays a key role in the immune system by promoting the development of T-cells?
 - a) Pineal gland
 - b) Thymus gland
 - c) Pituitary gland
 - d) Adrenal gland
- 15. What hormone is responsible for female reproductive development and regulation of the menstrual cycle?
 - a) Testosterone
 - b) Estrogen
 - c) Progesterone
 - d) Cortisol

16. Testosterone is primarily produced by which of the following glands?

- a) Adrenal glands
- b) Testes
- c) Pituitary gland
- d) Thyroid gland

17. What condition is caused by the underproduction of insulin?

- a) Hyperthyroidism
- b) Diabetes mellitus
- c) Hypoglycemia
- d) Addison's disease

18. Which of the following is NOT an endocrine gland?

- a) Pancreas
- b) Thyroid
- c) Sweat glands
- d) Adrenal glands
- 19. Cortisol, the hormone that helps regulate metabolism and the body's response to stress, is produced by which gland?
 - a) Pituitary gland
 - b) Adrenal gland
 - c) Thyroid gland
 - d) Pineal gland

20. Which hormone prepares the body for pregnancy and maintains the early stages of pregnancy?

- a) Progesterone
- b) Estrogen
- c) Testosterone
- d) Insulin



Answer Key

- 1. b) To send chemical messages throughout the body
- 2. b) Hormones
- 3. c) Pituitary
- 4. b) Thyroxine
- 5. d) Pancreas
- 6. a) Adrenal gland
- 7. c) To lower blood sugar levels
- 8. b) Growth hormone
- 9. c) Pineal gland
- 10. b) In the neck
- 11. b) Glucagon
- 12. b) Calcium
- 13. a) Antidiuretic hormone (ADH)
- 14. b) Thymus gland
- 15. b) Estrogen
- 16. b) Testes
- 17. b) Diabetes mellitus
- 18. c) Sweat glands
- 19. b) Adrenal gland
- 20. a) Progesterone

