#### The Heart - Multiple Choice Worksheet

Name	 	
Date:	 	

**Instructions:** Choose the correct answer from the options provided.

#### 1. What is the primary function of the heart?

- a) To pump oxygen into the lungs
- b) To pump blood throughout the body
- c) To produce red blood cells
- d) To control blood pressure
- 2. Which chamber of the heart receives oxygen-poor blood from the body?
  - a) Left atrium
  - b) Right atrium
  - c) Left ventricle
  - d) Right ventricle
- 3. Oxygen-rich blood is pumped from the heart to the body through which artery?
  - a) Pulmonary artery
  - b) Aorta
  - c) Coronary artery
  - d) Vena cava

#### 4. What is the role of the valves in the heart?

- a) To regulate blood pressure
- b) To prevent blood from flowing backward
- c) To pump blood into the lungs
- d) To separate the left and right sides of the heart

### 5. The blood vessels that carry blood away from the heart are called:

- a) Veins
- b) Capillaries
- c) Arteries
- d) Lymphatics

## 6. Which part of the heart pumps oxygen-poor blood to the lungs?

- a) Left ventricle
- b) Right ventricle
- c) Left atrium
- d) Right atrium

### 7. Which of the following structures delivers oxygenpoor blood from the body back to the heart?a) Aorta

- b) Pulmonary vein
- c) Superior and inferior vena cava
- d) Pulmonary artery
- 8. What is the name of the thick muscular layer of the heart?
  - a) Endocardium
  - b) Myocardium
  - c) Pericardium
  - d) Epicardium

#### 9. The right side of the heart pumps blood to the:

- a) Lungs
- b) Brain
- c) Body
- d) Kidneys
- 10. Which part of the heart has the thickest walls due to the high pressure it creates?
  - a) Right atrium
  - b) Left atrium
  - c) Right ventricle
  - d) Left ventricle
- 11. Which blood vessels supply oxygen and nutrients directly to the heart muscle?
  - a) Pulmonary arteries
  - b) Coronary arteries
  - c) Carotid arteries
  - d) Jugular veins

#### 12. What is the function of the septum in the heart?

- a) To separate the heart from the lungs
- b) To divide the left and right sides of the heart
- c) To regulate heart rhythm
- d) To connect the ventricles to the atria

#### 13. The pacemaker of the heart is also known as the: a) AV node

- a) Av node b) SA node
- b) SA node  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$
- c) Bundle of His
- d) Purkinje fibers

14. Which chamber of the heart pumps oxygen-rich blood to the body?

- a) Left atrium
- b) Right atrium
- c) Left ventricle
- d) Right ventricle



## 15. What is the primary component of the heart's conduction system that controls heartbeats?

- a) Myocardium
- b) Sinoatrial node
- c) Endocardium
- d) Pericardium

#### 16. What happens during systole?

- a) The atria contract and the ventricles relax
- b) The ventricles contract and pump blood out of the heart
- c) The heart relaxes completely
- d) Blood flows into the ventricles

#### 17. The lower chambers of the heart are called:

- a) Atria
- b) Ventricles
- c) Valves
- d) Nodes

## 18. Which of the following best describes the function of the pulmonary veins?

- a) Carry oxygen-poor blood to the lungs
- b) Carry oxygen-rich blood from the lungs to the heart
- c) Carry oxygen-poor blood from the body to the heart
- d) Carry oxygen-rich blood from the heart to the body

## 19. Which blood vessel is responsible for carrying oxygen-poor blood from the right ventricle to the lungs?

a) Aorta

- b) Pulmonary vein
- c) Pulmonary artery
- d) Coronary artery

# 20. Which condition refers to the blockage of blood flow to the heart muscle, potentially leading to tissue damage?

a) Arrhythmia

- b) Atherosclerosis
- c) Myocardial infarction (heart attack)
- d) Hypertension



#### **Answer Key**

- 1. b) To pump blood throughout the body
- 2. b) Right atrium
- 3. b) Aorta
- 4. b) To prevent blood from flowing backward
- 5. c) Arteries
- 6. b) Right ventricle
- 7. c) Superior and inferior vena cava
- 8. b) Myocardium
- 9. a) Lungs
- 10. d) Left ventricle
- 11. b) Coronary arteries
- 12. b) To divide the left and right sides of the heart
- 13. b) SA node
- 14. c) Left ventricle
- 15. b) Sinoatrial node
- 16. b) The ventricles contract and pump blood out of the heart
- 17. b) Ventricles
- 18. b) Carry oxygen-rich blood from the lungs to the heart
- 19. c) Pulmonary artery
- 20. c) Myocardial infarction (heart attack)

